

# Group Meeting 11.08

Reading Nature. 2022 Oct;610(7933):656-660.

**Measurement of  $^{19}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$  reaction suggests CNO  
breakout in first stars**

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# Overview

The nuclear reactions in the stable nuclear burning stars are placed in the Gamow window (70 to 350 keV)

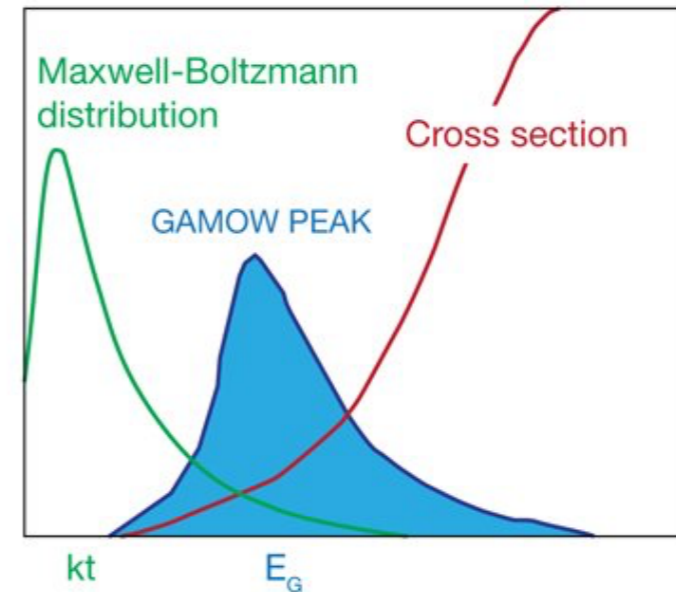
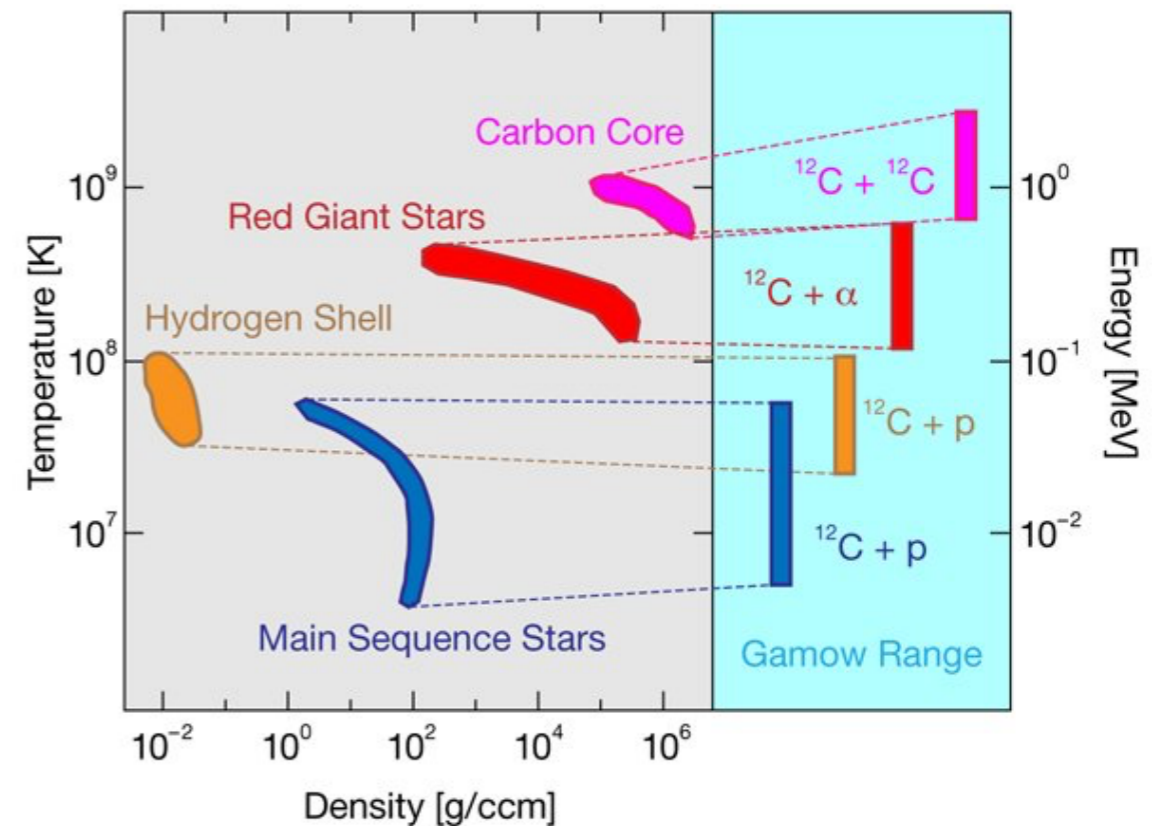


FIG1: Gamow window is the range of energies where nuclear reactions occur in stars. But the cross-section is too low to detect.[1]



[1]. Courtin, Sandrine (2016). proposal andromede. 10.13140/RG.2.1.4403.3526.

# Overview

The background noise in JUNA is much lower.

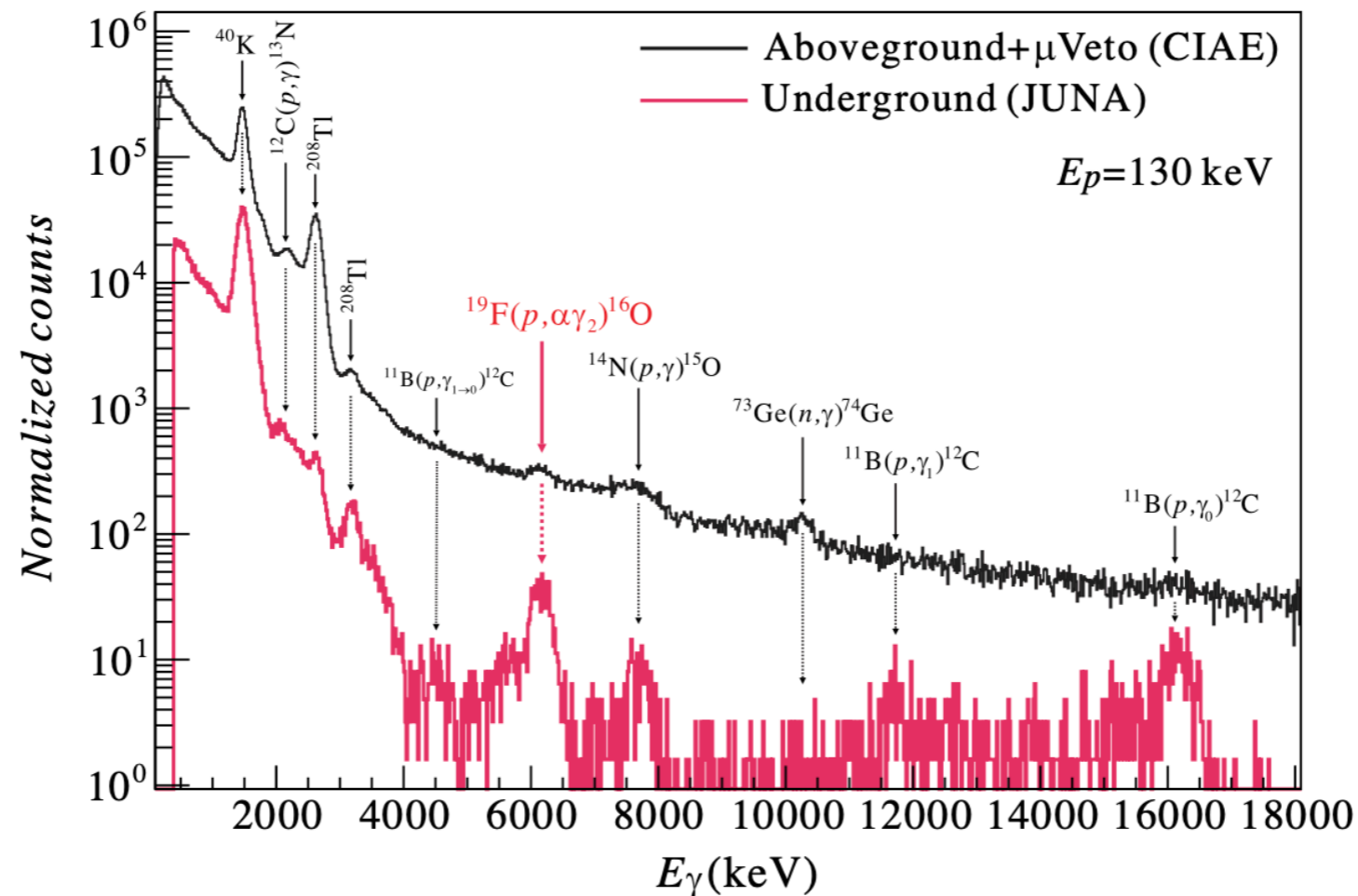
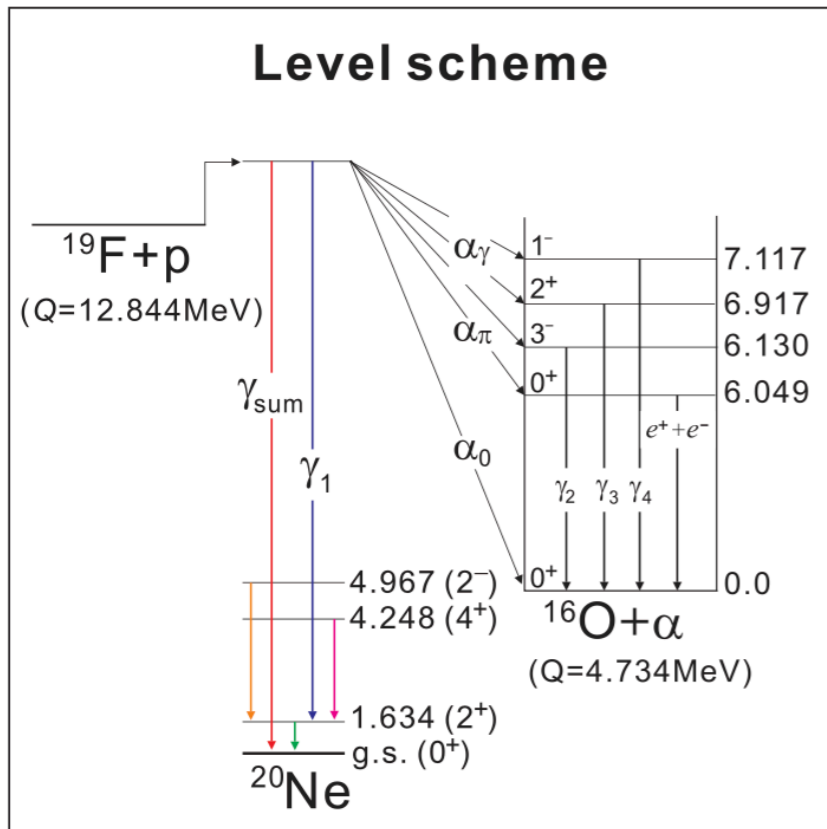
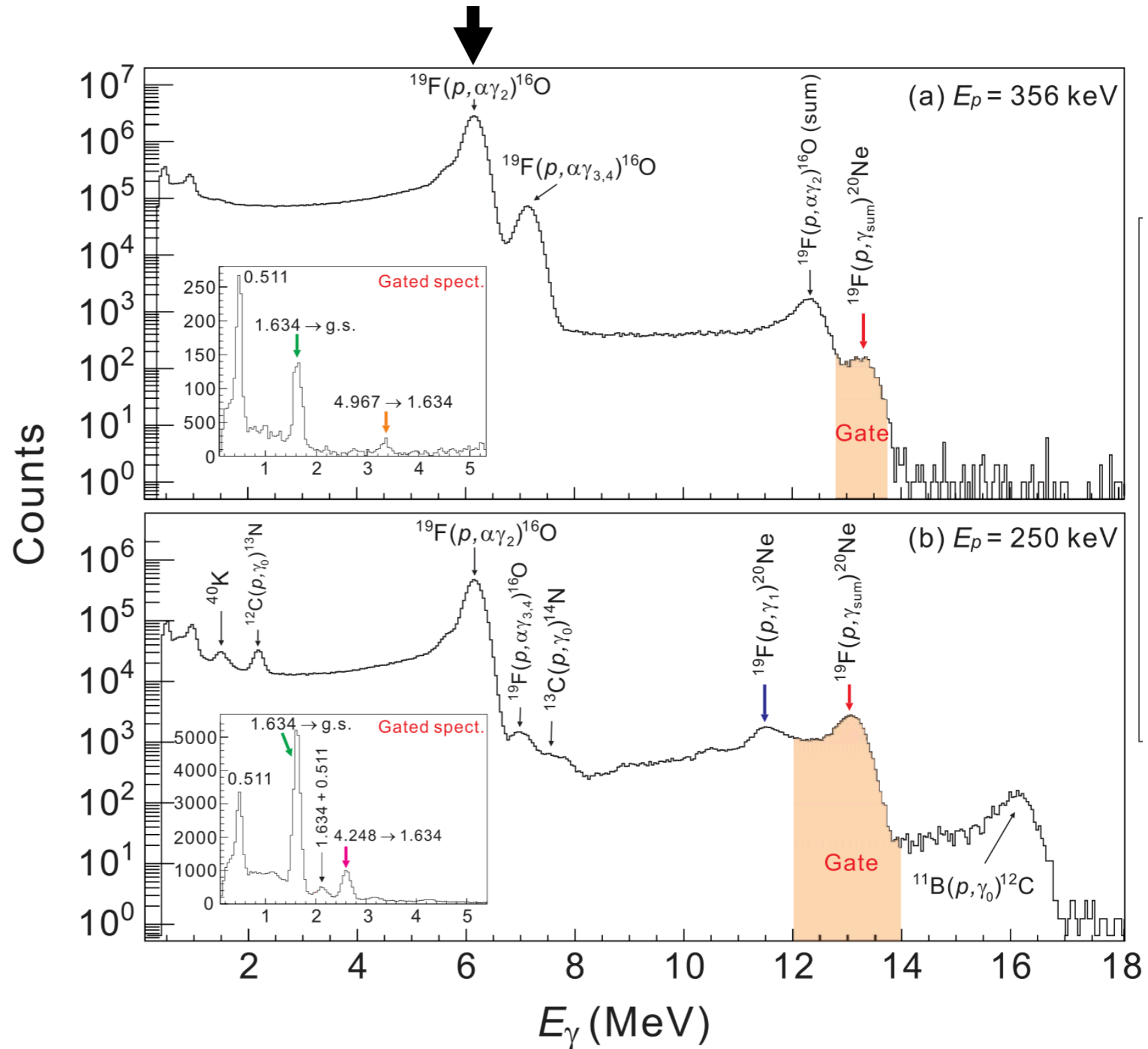


FIG2:  $\gamma$ -ray spectra of the  $^{19}\text{F} + p$  experiments.[2]

# Result



Competing Chanls



# Result

Find a resonance at  $E_{com} = 225.2 keV$ , below the known  $E_{com} = 323.9 keV$

$E_p$  denotes the proton beam energy delivered from the accelerator.

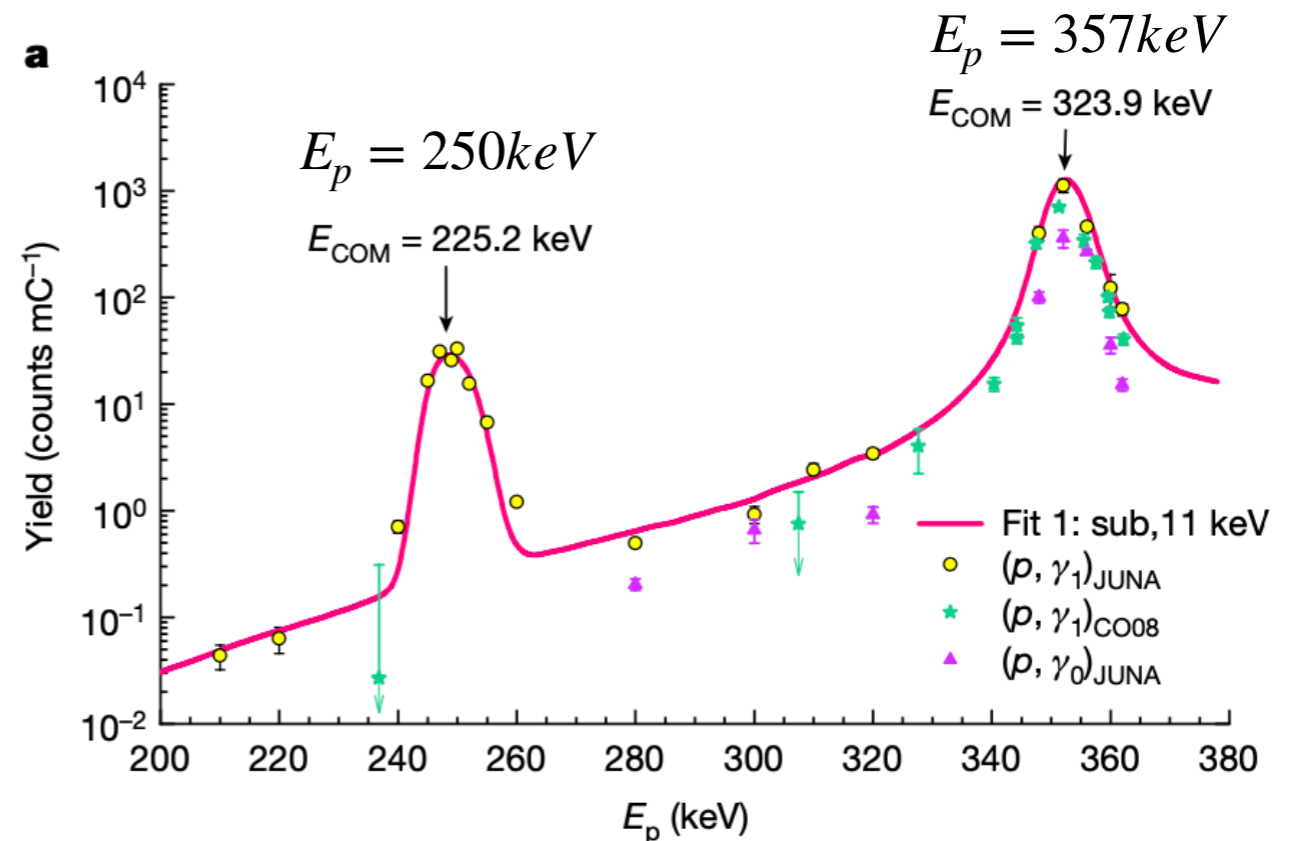


FIG2: Experimental yields of the  $^{19}F(p, \gamma_{0,1})^{20}Ne$  reaction measured at JUNA. The red line is depicted using the  $R$ -matrix fit. Here,

# Result

Find a resonance at  $E_{com} = 225.2\text{keV}$ , below the known  $E_{com} = 323.9\text{keV}$

$$S(E) = \frac{E}{\exp(-2\pi\eta)} \sigma(E)$$

$$\eta = \frac{Z_1 Z_2 e^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar v}$$

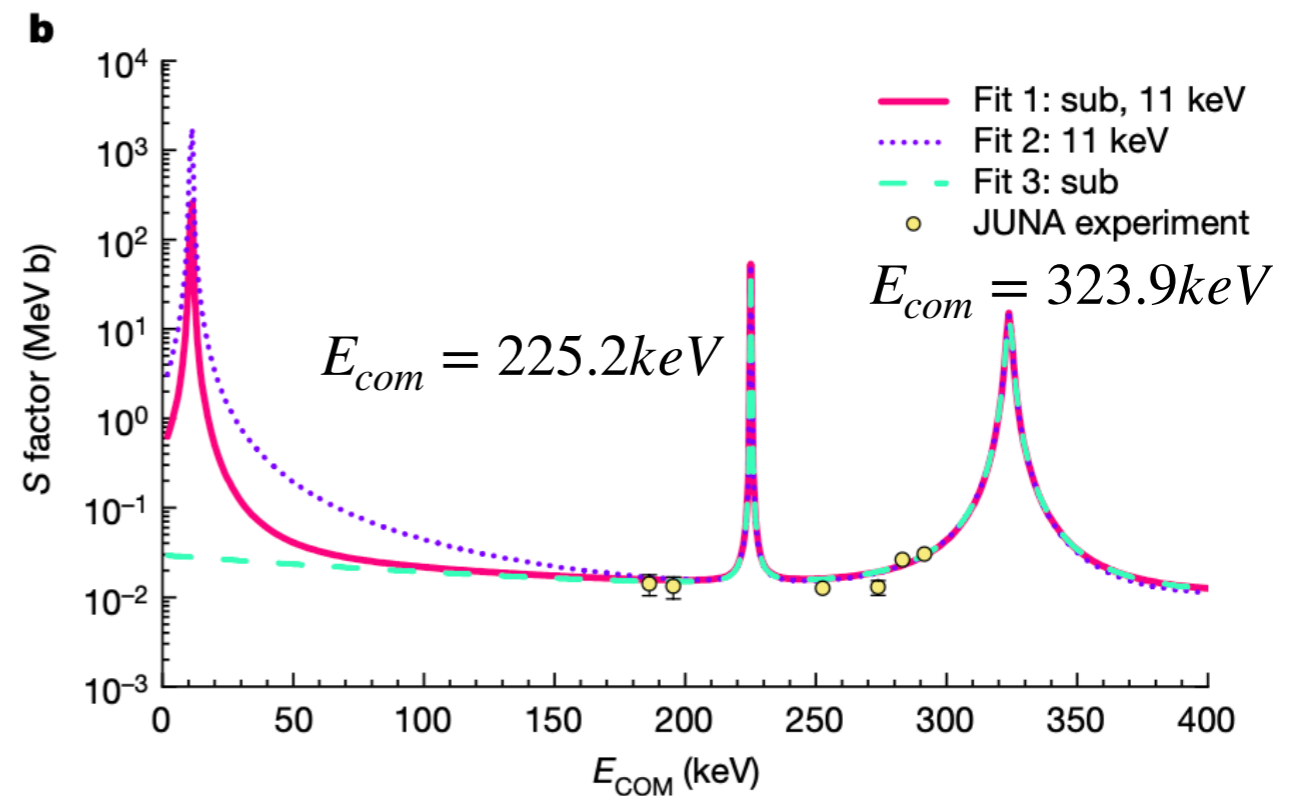
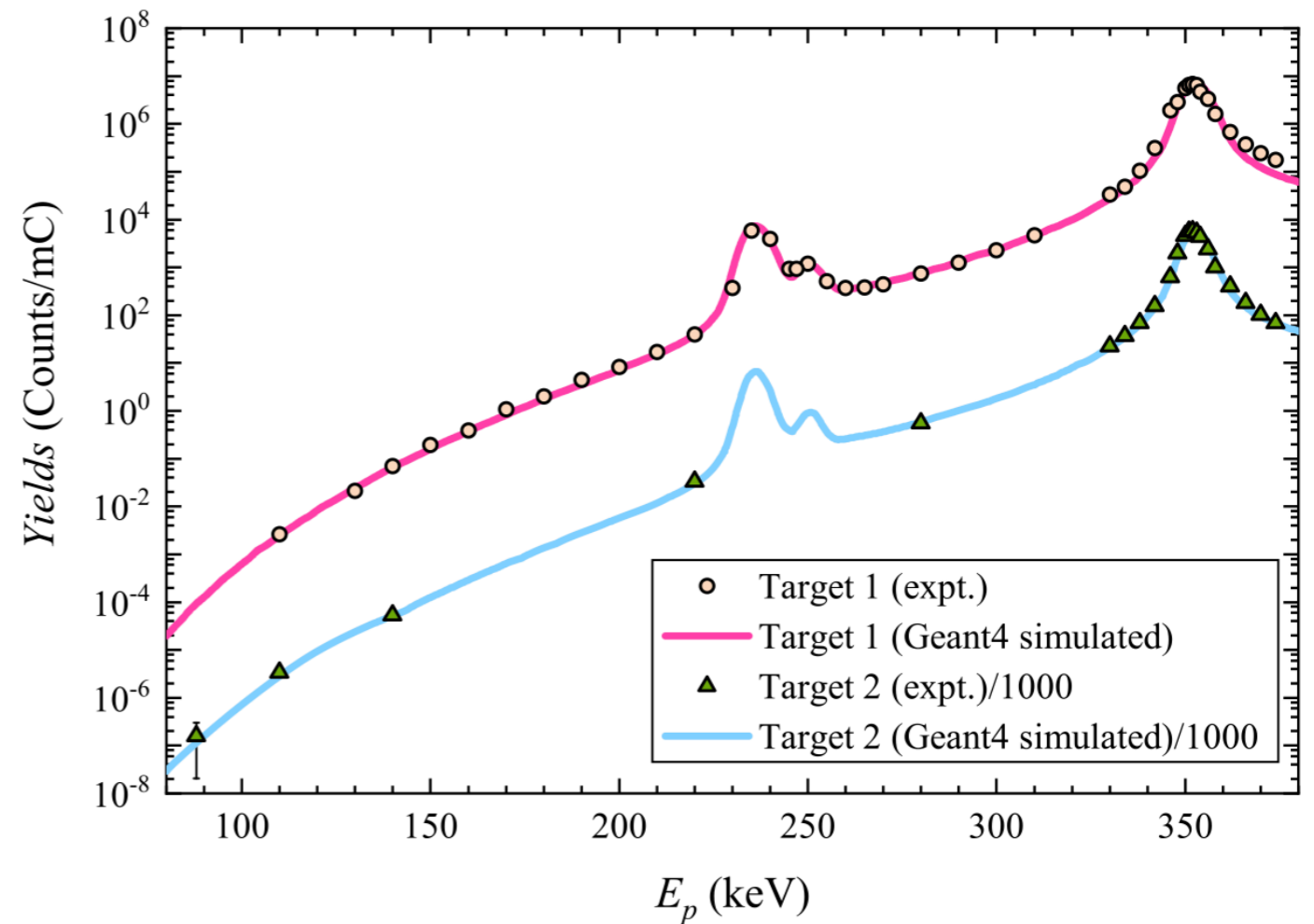


FIG3: S factor of the  $^{19}\text{F}(p, \gamma_{0,1})^{20}\text{Ne}$  reaction measured at JUNA.

# Result

They also got the yield of  ${}^9_{19}F(p, \alpha\gamma){}_8^{16}O$ .

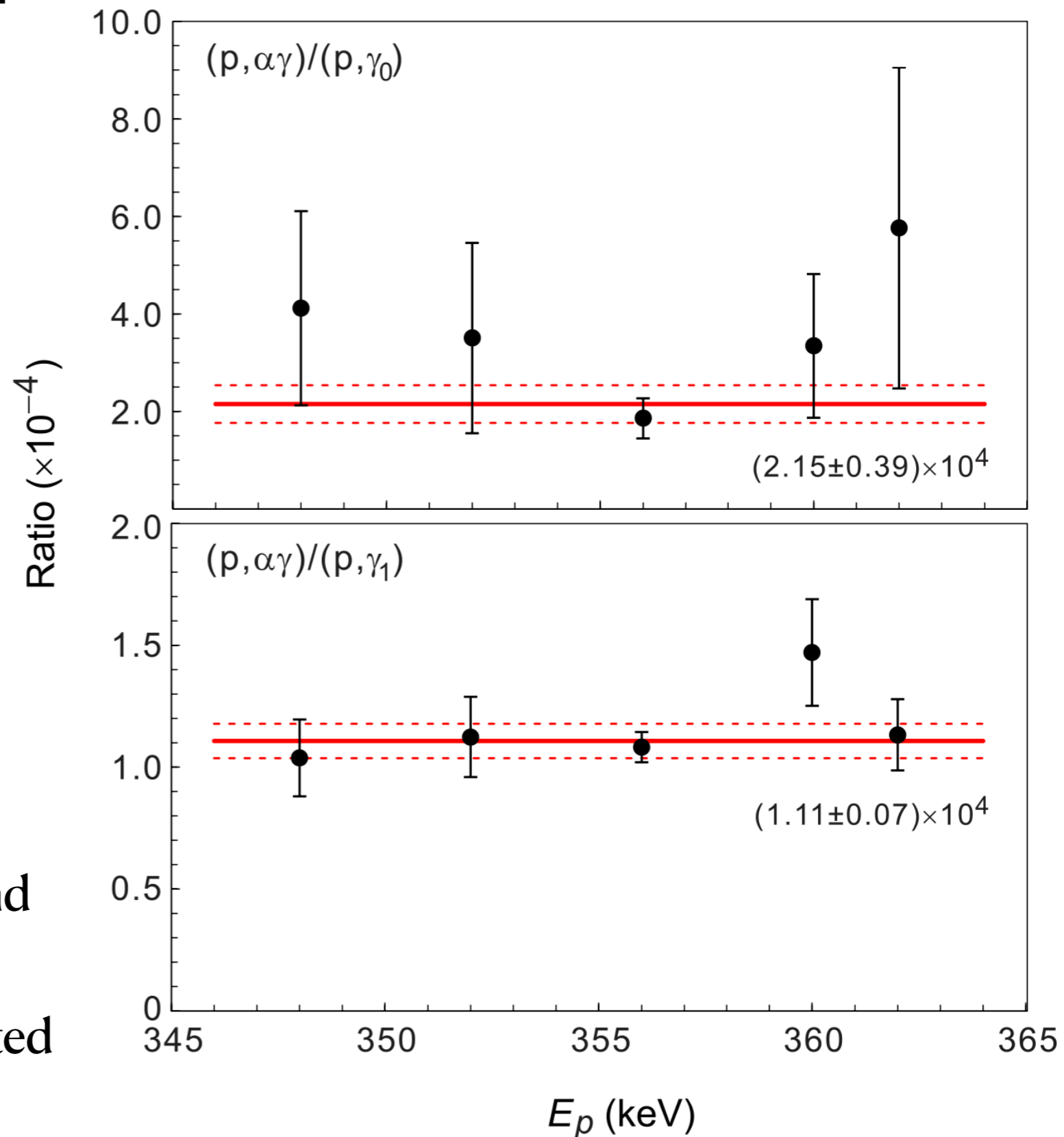
FIG5: Experimental yields of the  ${}^9_{19}F(p, \alpha\gamma){}_8^{16}O$  reaction measured at JUNA. The red line is depicted using the  $R$ -matrix fit.[2]



# Result

$(p, \alpha)/(p, \gamma)$  rate is an invaluable tool with which to diagnose how the first stars evolved and died, and has far-reaching implications on stellar modeling.

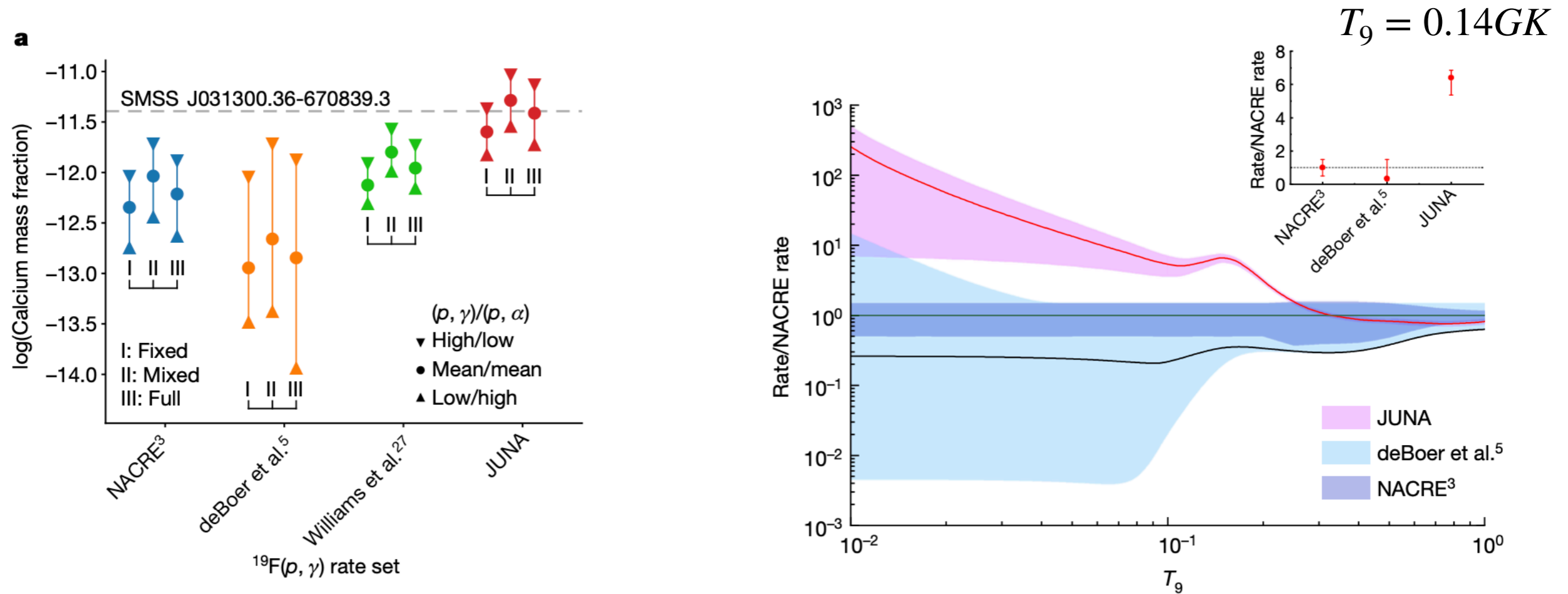
FIG6: Yield ratios of  $(p, \alpha\gamma)/(p, \gamma_1)$  and  $(p, \alpha\gamma)/(p, \gamma_0)$  over the 323-keV resonance. The red line is the weighted average ratio.





# Calculation

The  $^{19}\text{F}(p, \gamma)^{20}\text{Ne}$  reaction rate as a function of temperature is calculated by numerical integration of the  $S$  factors. About 5.4-7.4 times larger than NACRE.



(I) indicates trajectories of fixed temperature and density;

(II) is for time-dependent trajectories that include the effect of mixing due to convection;

(III) is for yields from full stellar models.